I MINA'TRENTA NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN

FIRST (2009) REGULAR SESSION

Bill No. B203-30(COV)

Introduced by:



2009

101-10 JUN 9- 201

AN ACT TO CREATE A NEW § 3105.1 OF 22 GCA TO **PROVIDE PAID SICK LEAVE FOR PRIVATE SECTOR EMPLOYEES** AT Α RATE **COMPORABLE** TO **CLASSIFIED EMPLOYEES OF THE GOVERNMENT OF GUAM FOR THE HEALTH AND SAFETY OF GUAM'S** WORKING FAMILIES MADE CRITICAL AS A RESULT **H1N1** PANDEMIC AND TO AMEND OF THE SUBSECTIONS (C) AND (D) OF § 4108, 4 GCA FOR CONSTANCY WITH THE RECOMMENDATIONS OF THE CENTER FOR DISEASE CONTROL AND REGARDING SICK PREVENTION LEAVE TIME **ALLOWED TO ALL EMPLOYEES WITHOUT DOCTORS CERTIFICATION: TO BE HEREBY KNOWN AS THE** WORKING FAMILY HEALTH LEAVE ACT OF 2009

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

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Section 1: Legislative Findings and Intent:

I liheslatura finds that there is an immediate potential danger to public safety due to the global H1N1 health-crisis currently threatening Guam's families and that the lack of paid sick leave offered to many of Guam's private sector employees facilitates the spread of a disease and goes directly
against the recommendations of the Center for Disease Control and
Prevention (CDC) regarding control of this pandemic.

I Liheslatura further finds that the CDC states that Employees should,
"Stay home if you are sick. If you have symptoms of influenza-like illness,
stay home for 7 days after symptoms begin or until you have been symptomfree for 24 hours, whichever is longer. Following these recommendations will
help keep you from infecting others and spreading the virus."

I Liheslatura further finds that the lack of paid sick leave endangers all
of Guam's children as a result of parents sending their children to School
because they don't want to leave them alone and can't stay home with them.

I Liheslatura further finds that mandatory doctors notes to justify staying home sick not only violates CDC recommendations and endangers health care workers but adds a huge burden on Guam's already strained health care infrastructure and a financial burden on families and employers.

Additionally, *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* finds that Guam's many private sector employees and their families have suffered for too long without an established standard for paid sick leave and that this current pandemic has created an urgent need to make this right so all of Guam's people are treated justly and fairly no matter where they work.

It is therefore the intent of *I Liheslatura* to enact a new § 3105.1 of 22 GCA to provide sick leave standards for all private sector employees which shall mirror as closely as possible the existing standards for Government of Guam employees and to amend Subsections (c) and (d) of 4 GCA § 4108 in order to implement a uniform standard across both the public and private

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sector and to more adequately comply with the recommendations of the
 Center For Disease Control and Prevention in regards to employee sick leave
 in both the public and private sector.

4 Section 2: A new § 3105.1 of 22 GCA is hereby enacted to read:

5 § 3105.1. Sick Leave for Private Sector employees:

(a) Employees occupying positions with any employer shall, as a *minimum* standard, accrue sick leave at the rate of one-half (.5) hours
per every ten (10) hours worked or any fraction thereof.

9 (b) Accumulation. Unused sick leave may be accumulated and carried
10 over to succeeding leave years without limitation.

11 (c) When Allowed. Sick leave with pay is allowed whenever:

- (1) The employee is compelled to be absent from duty on account
 of physical or mental illness; injury; mental health examination,
 counseling or treatment; pregnancy; childbirth; medical, dental or
 optical examination or treatment; or because of quarantine due to
 his own or another's illness.
- (2) The employee is compelled to be absent from duty to provide 17 health care for a member of the employee's immediate family as 18 a result of illness or injury. Immediate family member means the 19 employee's spouse, common law, parents, parents-in-law, 20 grandparents, brothers, sisters, children, grandchildren, any step 21 or adoptive parents, adopted children or grandchildren of both the 22 employee and the spouse, a guardian or person in loco parentis, 23 or other. 24

(d) Certification. If an employee is absent because of illness, injury,
medical condition or quarantine in excess of seven (7) consecutive days
of work, he may be required to furnish a certification as to the
incapacity from a regularly licensed physician or other evidence
administratively acceptable.

(e) Administration. If the certification required by Subsection (d) is not
furnished, all absence which would have been covered by such
certification shall be indicated on the payroll as leave of absence
without pay.

(f) Special Provisions. The generality of Subsections (a) through (f) is
 subject to the following special provisions:

- (1) Additional sick leave with pay may be allowed an employee
 at the discretion of the employer. The provisions of this section
 shall represent a minimum standard and nothing herein shall be
 construed as interfering with the establishment of sick leave
 programs superior to this minimum standard.
- 17 (2) notwithstanding any other provision of law, in the event of
 18 conflict, the provisions of this section shall be superseded by a
 19 valid collective bargaining agreement.
- (3) Falsification of an illness or medical condition report shall be
 considered sufficient cause for disciplinary action, including
 dismissal from employment for repeated offenses;
- (4) Sick leave with pay shall be allowed during leaves of absence
 or vacation, provided, however, that any sick leave taken while

on vacation must be supported by a certificate issued by a
 licensed physician at the discretion of the employer

3 (5) The minimum charge for sick leave shall be one hour and
4 additional charges in multiples thereof;

(6) Sick leave with pay, up to a maximum of thirteen (13) days, 5 may be granted in advance of earning such leave under the 6 conditions described in Subsections (a), (b), (d), (f)(3) and 7 (f)(4)of this Section. If an employee is separated from the service 8 without having earned all of the sick leave allowed and taken. 9 there shall be deducted from any money due him at the time of 10 separation an amount equal to his salary for the period of 11 unearned sick leave allowed and taken; 12

(g) Any employer found guilty of violating the provisions of this
section shall be fined five-hundred dollars (\$500.00) per instance for
the first offense, and shall be guilty of a petty misdemeanor and fined
one-thousand dollars (\$1000.00) per instance for each subsequent
offense thereafter.

18 Section 3. Subsection (c) of § 4108, 4 GCA is hereby amended to read:

19 (c) When Allowed. Sick leave with pay is allowed whenever:

(1) The employee is compelled to be absent from duty on account
of physical or mental illness; injury; mental health examination,
counseling or treatment; pregnancy; childbirth; medical, dental or

- 23 optical examination or treatment; or because of quarantine due to
- his own or another's illness.

(2) The employee is compelled to be absent from duty to provide 1 health care for a member of the employee's immediate family as 2 a result of [serious] illness or injury and the employee has 3 exhausted all annual leave and compensatory time available. 4 [Serious illness or injury means an urgent condition that is 5 certified by the attending physician as requiring hospitalization, 6 institutionalization, or extended home care in which the person 7 needs the constant administration of special medical care or 8 support.] Immediate family member means the employee's 9 spouse, common law, parents, parents-in-law, grandparents, 10 brothers, sisters, children, grandchildren, any step or adoptive 11 parents, adopted children or grandchildren of both the employee 12 and the spouse, a guardian or person in loco parentis or other. 13

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15 Section 4. Subsection (d) of § 4108, 4 GCA is hereby amended to read:

(d) Certification. If an employee is absent because of illness, injury,
 medical condition or quarantine in excess of [three (3)] Seven (7)
 consecutive days, he may be required to furnish a certification as to the
 incapacity from a regularly licensed physician or other evidence
 administratively acceptable. [The department head may require
 certification for such other period as is appropriate.]